

VILLA ELUDES
HEAD HUNTERS

Reports That He Has Been
Captured Are Denied
by Herrera

PURSUIT KEPT UP
FOR OUTLAW CHIEF

News of His Capture Was
Told in a Private
Telegram

El Paso, Texas, Jan. 21.—Persistent reports that Francisco Villa, the outlaw military chieftain, had been captured at San Geronimo were denied to-day by General Herrera. The report came to the border in a private telegram from what was believed to be a reliable source.

FELIX DIAZ WAITING.

To See if Carranza Demonstrates
Capacity for Ruling.

New York, Jan. 21.—General Felix Diaz issued a statement here last night denying emphatically that he has planned another revolution in Mexico. "The United States has said that Carranza must be given a chance to enforce order in Mexico. I believe that is right and just," he said. "I, myself, will do nothing until Carranza either proves or disproves his capacity for rule."

AUSTRIA DENIES
PEACE PARLEY
BROKEN OFF

Says Actual Negotiations With Monte-
negro Cannot Be Started Until the
Montenegrin Troops Come In
From the Hills and Sur-
render.

Vienna, Jan. 21.—It is announced here that the press reports that Montenegro has discontinued peace negotiations are unfounded. It is stated that as yet the Montenegrin troops have not come in from the hills and surrendered. Only then are the actual negotiations to begin.

163 VESSELS SUNK
IN RUSSIAN RAID

Petrograd Announces Great Destruction
To Turkish Sailing Craft in Black
Sea, the Raiding Ships Being
Russian Destroyers.

Petrograd, via London, Jan. 21.—The official communication yesterday reads: "In the region of Dvinsk our artillery successfully bombarded an enemy column which approached Schlossberg from the west. On the middle Stripa we stopped an attempt by weak enemy units to approach our trenches. "Northeast of Czernowitz, near Rancieze we captured the sector of an enemy position. The enemy made five desperate counter-attacks, all of which were repulsed with enormous enemy losses. "On the Black sea on Jan. 17 our torpedo boats raided the Anatolian coast, destroying 163 sailing vessels, 73 of which were loaded with various commodities. Thirty men were taken prisoner. Other vessels made their escape on our approach. "Caucasus front: Our troops continue their pursuit on the center of the Turkish army. Despite the great strength of the Turkish forces and the excessively difficult local conditions our troops developed considerable success from their coup. The enemy was thrown from his positions and retired, suffering severe losses in men and in war material of all kinds. According to latest particulars we captured at Koprucki, near Ezerum, guns, munitions, artillery and prisoners. "The emperor, hearing of this blow against the Turks, has ordered his sincere gratitude to be expressed to the gallant troops for their exploits and their self-sacrificing service."

WARSHIP ATTACK REPULSED.

Turks Claim to Have Beaten Off 12
Ships in Gulf of Saros.

Constantinople, via London, Jan. 21, 3:20 a. m.—An attack on the shore batteries of the Gulf of Saros, in which a cruiser, a monitor, three torpedo boats and seven mine sweepers participated, was repulsed on the morning of January 18, according to an official communication issued last night by the Turkish war office. The communication follows: "On the morning of the 18th an enemy monitor protected by seven mine sweepers and a cruiser accompanied by three torpedo boats entered the Gulf of Saros and opened fire, which was directed by our ships. Our batteries vigorously replied and three shots were seen to hit the cruiser which withdrew with the monitor. "During the afternoon the same cruiser opened fire again and was hit by a shell, which fell on deck, causing a fire to break out. She immediately withdrew. "Caucasus front: A battle which began here lasted until evening. The enemy's attempts to close in upon us were rendered futile by our counter attacks."

Reappointments By Governor Gates.

Governor Charles W. Gates has made the following reappointments: Charles G. McCallen of Rutland, board of pharmacy for three years; Charles G. Wheeler of Brattleboro, board of osteopathy for three years; Dr. George Stephens of Hartford, board of veterinary examiners for five years.

U. S. FOREIGN POLICIES
SHARPLY ATTACKED

Various Speakers at Meeting of National
Security League in Washington
Also Refer to Unpreparedness
of the United States.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 21.—Attacks on the administration's foreign policies, pointed references to the utter state of unpreparedness of the army and navy and the awakening of public opinion in the subject of adequate defense featured the addresses of prominent speakers to-day before the National Security league. Henry A. Wise Wood, Charles G. Curtis of New York, George L. Von Meyer of Massachusetts and P. H. W. Ross of the National Marine league spoke.

At last night's session, Robert Bacon, former secretary of state, brought the audience to its feet when he declared:

"The nation is astir with a new feeling, there is an awakening throughout the land. The call for America to save the Americans is sounding from house to house and from city to city like that call which on the eighteenth day of April in '75 went through every Middlesex village and farm, and I believe the answer will be as strong and clear as it was then."

Theodore Roosevelt's name was loudly cheered. His sister, Mrs. Theodore Douglas Robinson, read a letter in which he said he regarded the proposed continental army as a sham which would be merely an inefficient rival to the national guard; that the navy program was "a paper program entirely inadequate to our needs," that military preparedness should be required "as a matter of right, not as a matter of favor," of all American citizens. Col. Roosevelt likened the United States' failure to take other action than diplomatic negotiations over the loss of American lives by submarine warfare to a man whose wife's face was slapped on the street and who took no other action than to tell her to stay at home.

Miss Maud Wetmore, chairman of the woman's section of the National Civic federation, told the congress that "no woman who brings up her children on a policy that she did not raise her boy to be a soldier has a right to the protection of another woman's son."

Luke E. Wright, secretary of war in Roosevelt's cabinet, declared that the country had reversed the policy, "speak softly and carry a big stick," by "speaking loudly and carrying a studded club." It was time, he said, for adequate preparedness to meet what might come after the European war, if for no other purpose than to "make good one recent want of America for the Americans" and to uphold the Monroe doctrine "as a profile of fights as a barrel of red liquor."

Mr. Wright said it was possible the United States might have to fight England after the present war because "if there is anything that makes an Englishman peevish it is to disturb his trade." It was time, he said, for adequate preparedness to meet what might come after the European war, if for no other purpose than to "make good one recent want of America for the Americans" and to uphold the Monroe doctrine "as a profile of fights as a barrel of red liquor."

Col. Roosevelt in his letter reiterated his criticism of the administration's submarine warfare policy and announced his preparedness program. "I believe," he said, "that we should have our military and naval program upon the retention and defense of Alaska, Hawaii, the Panama canal, and all its approaches, including all the points of South American soil north of the equator, and of course, including the defense of our own coasts and the islands of the West Indies. To free the navy we need ample coast defense manned by 100,000 men and a mobile regular army of 150,000 men."

The proposed continental army is a sham. It would be merely an inefficient rival of the National Guard. For a year or so, during the period of novelty it might attract some men. But we cannot expect men to sacrifice business interests and put themselves at a disadvantage compared to their less patriotic business rivals as a permanent thing. They ought not to do it; and it is an outrage to ask them to do it. Military training should be required as a matter of right of all."

DEFENDS WILSON POLICY.

London Chronicle Says People Do Not
Understand His Position.

London, Jan. 21.—The Daily Chronicle devotes the most prominent position on its editorial page to a defense of President Wilson and his foreign policy. The Chronicle declares that Mr. Wilson occupies a position of exceptional difficulty, adding that "if the British press and public took a little more trouble to understand him and were more conscious of the absurdity of lecturing a great republic on what its president ought to do it would be much to the advantage of the Anglo-American future."

Discussing the English attitude towards the United States the Chronicle says: "There is a section in the British press that is not treating the United States strictly as a neutral power. They have treated the United States as if they were one of the family."

"A recent number of an American magazine contains a symposium giving the reason of English writers why America should come into the war. This is a piece of gratuitous impertinence. We have no business to advise Americans what line of policy they should pursue."

TEUTONS HAVE CAPTURED
NEARLY 5,000,000 MEN

London, Jan. 21.—An Amsterdam dispatch to the Central News says that the total booty of the Teutonic allies during 17 months, as summed up at Vienna, is as follows: Nearly 2,000,000 prisoners, 10,000 guns, 40,000 machine guns and 470,000 square kilometers of enemy territory.

SEEK TO ENJOIN
TRACTION CO.

Petition for Mandatory In-
junction Filed by City
of Montpelier

TO FORCE FILING
OF DESIRED BOND

Papers State the Company
Is Operating With-
out Right

The city of Montpelier has filed in Washington county chancery court papers asking that a mandatory injunction or other order or directions be made requiring the Barre and Montpelier Traction and Power company to file a satisfactory bond with the city clerk, meeting the requirements of resolutions adopted by the city council at recent meetings. Deputy Sheriff Henry Lawson has secured H. D. Larabee with papers notifying him of the petition for an injunction which asks that the defendant appear within 42 days.

The papers represent that the street railway has operated and does operate without right because of the failure to comply with certain sections of the franchise as granted in 1896, namely the filing of a \$10,000 bond.

The plaintiff avers that the council declined to accept two bonds filed by the company, not fulfilling the conditions required by the adopted resolutions. The plaintiff in praying that a decree be made by the court asks that the rights, powers and privileges enjoyed by the company be declared invalid providing the bond is not filed within a certain date to the satisfaction of the council.

The case of A. W. Clark vs. J. B. Berton Pike of Marshfield and L. S. Robie of Hardwick, was filed in county court to-day, \$700 being the amount named. F. J. Marshall is attorney for the plaintiff.

FIVE NEGROES
WERE HANGED
FROM ONE LIMB

Bodies of Negroes Taken from Worth
County Jail at Sylvester, Ga., Last
Night Were Found to Con-
tain Many Bullet Holes.

Albany, Ga., Jan. 21.—Five negroes were taken from the Worth county jail at Sylvester last night and hanged to one limb near Starksville. The bodies contained many bullet holes.

COMPULSION BILL ADVANCED.

Passed the Committee of House of Com-
mons Last Night.

London, Jan. 21.—The military service bill passed through the committee of the House of Commons at 11 o'clock last night amid loud cheers. "I believe," he said, "that we should have our military and naval program upon the retention and defense of Alaska, Hawaii, the Panama canal, and all its approaches, including all the points of South American soil north of the equator, and of course, including the defense of our own coasts and the islands of the West Indies. To free the navy we need ample coast defense manned by 100,000 men and a mobile regular army of 150,000 men."

The proposed continental army is a sham. It would be merely an inefficient rival of the National Guard. For a year or so, during the period of novelty it might attract some men. But we cannot expect men to sacrifice business interests and put themselves at a disadvantage compared to their less patriotic business rivals as a permanent thing. They ought not to do it; and it is an outrage to ask them to do it. Military training should be required as a matter of right of all."

DEFENDS WILSON POLICY.

London Chronicle Says People Do Not
Understand His Position.

London, Jan. 21.—The Daily Chronicle devotes the most prominent position on its editorial page to a defense of President Wilson and his foreign policy. The Chronicle declares that Mr. Wilson occupies a position of exceptional difficulty, adding that "if the British press and public took a little more trouble to understand him and were more conscious of the absurdity of lecturing a great republic on what its president ought to do it would be much to the advantage of the Anglo-American future."

Discussing the English attitude towards the United States the Chronicle says: "There is a section in the British press that is not treating the United States strictly as a neutral power. They have treated the United States as if they were one of the family."

"A recent number of an American magazine contains a symposium giving the reason of English writers why America should come into the war. This is a piece of gratuitous impertinence. We have no business to advise Americans what line of policy they should pursue."

JOLIET STREETS
ARE FLOODED
FIVE FEET DEEP

Illinois City Is Having Its Worst Flood
in 14 Years and Nearly 1,000 People
Were Driven From Their Homes.

Joliet, Ill., Jan. 21.—The worst flood since 1902 engulfed Joliet to-day. The water ran five feet deep in the streets. Nearly 1,000 persons have been driven from their homes.

NATURALISTS IN SESSION.

Vermont Botanical and Bird Club Mem-
bers are in Rutland.

Rutland, Jan. 21.—The Vermont Botanical and Bird club members to the number of 40 gathered at the Hotel Rutland here to-day for two days' session. The faculties of Middlebury college and the University of Vermont were well represented, as was the Fairbanks museum at St. Johnsbury, and there are naturalists here from both sides of the state. Miss Annie Lorenz of Hartford, Conn., representing the Connecticut society, and C. H. Knowlton of Hingham, Mass., a member of the New England Botanical club, are guests of the Vermont organization.

There were two sessions, this morning and afternoon, for business and papers, and the closing meeting comes tomorrow morning. To-night Prof. George P. Burns of the University of Vermont will give an illustrated lecture, showing how wild shrubs and trees of Vermont may be adapted to lawn culture. The club formerly confined its efforts to making a survey of the state through local branches to determine the distribution of bird and plant life, but it is now taking up the economic side of ornithology and botany, including forestry.

There were talks and papers at the Rutland meeting by Dr. Ezra Brainerd of Middlebury, Prof. George P. Burns, Prof. George H. Perkins, Prof. Harry E. Perkins and Prof. A. K. Pietsen of the University of Vermont, Burlington, Miss Irene A. Howe of St. Johnsbury, Leston A. Wheeler of Jamaica, Mrs. A. B. Morgan of Woodstock, Jay G. Underwood of Hartland, Mrs. Nellie F. Flynn of Burlington, Miss Lorenz, Mr. Knowlton, Mrs. Emily H. Terry of Northampton, Mass., and Miss Adelaide L. Denton of Saratoga, N. Y.

JURY BOX FILLED
IN HATCH CASE

And Three Witnesses Were Heard in Lo-
cating Scene Where Sumner Brown
Lost His Life.

St. Johnsbury, Jan. 21.—A jury was completed to-day to try Harlow Hatch on the charge of manslaughter in the death of Sumner Brown in St. Johnsbury last July. The list is as follows: Calvin L. Clark, St. Johnsbury; Claude Watson, Lyndonville; L. E. Johnson, Waterford; A. W. Coffin, Groton; Levi P. Dean, Sutton; Davis Frechette, St. Johnsbury; H. H. Fyler, Burke; Edwin A. Gray, St. Johnsbury; F. L. Jenkins, Barnet; Homer E. Moore, Peacham; Arno M. Peck, St. Johnsbury; S. C. Richardson, Waterford. After the completion of the jury, three witnesses were put on the stand to describe the location of the slaying of Brown. They were W. H. Jenks, a photographer; Harold B. Burgess, an architect; and H. W. Randall, the owner of the block where Hatch's poolroom was located.

GIRL'S GOING STILL MYSTERY.

Pretty 17-year-old Geraldine Morrison
Left St. Johnsbury Sunday.

St. Johnsbury, Jan. 21.—Mystery surrounds the disappearance of Geraldine Morrison, 17-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Reuben Morrison, who has been missing since Sunday. The girl is believed to be in Boston. Her father and brother returned from that city yesterday after a fruitless search for her. Detective agencies are at work, but there is no clew and her parents fear she has been enticed away.

She was a pupil in the ninth grade of the public schools, very large for her age, strikingly pretty and dark eyes and hair and pink cheeks. She occupied a room with an older sister and retired as usual with her Sunday night. In the morning she was gone. A note said she had left but would return sometime if they would take her back. Trainmen at the Boston and Maine railroad recognized the girl and she was seen leaving the north station in Boston alone Monday morning at 7:30. She has never been in the city and is incapable of looking out for herself. Her mother is ill and prostrated over the affair.

WAS CARRYING BOMB.

When He Was Arrested in a New York
City Throng.

New York, Jan. 21.—A man carrying a suitcase containing what the police declare was a bomb of great explosive power was arrested last night in the midst of a throng of several hundred persons on the main promenade of the Brooklyn bridge, by detectives attached to the "bomb squad." He had been trailed for several minutes through the archways of the municipal building near the bridge. At police headquarters the prisoner said he was Michele Grassano, 32 years old. Two hours later Leonardo Di Vizio, 37 years old, was taken into custody. Both are charged with having in their possession a bomb with intent to destroy life and property.

After an examination of the suit case, Captain Tunney of the "bomb squad," declared he was convinced it was similar to remnants of suit cases found after the bomb explosions at police headquarters and St. Patrick's cathedral. A comparison will be made by experts. The two prisoners are said to have been constantly under police surveillance for the past three months. According to detectives Grassano frequently attended meetings of a group of anarchists in Harlem and also was identified with a group who meet in 14th street. Examination showed that a fuse from the bomb projected through a hole in the side of the suit case.

TEACHERS GET
INSPIRATION

At Conference of Washing-
ton County Educators
at Montpelier

NEARLY 300 ATTEND
OPENING SESSION

Conference Will Continue
Through Saturday
Forenoon

Nearly 300 teachers gathered at the high school building in Montpelier to-day for the annual conference of the Washington County Teachers' association. The conference will continue through Saturday forenoon, and much good promises to come from the sessions.

The opening session was held at 9:30 this forenoon in the auditorium of the high school. There was invocation by Rev. Lewis C. Carson, pastor of the Church of the Messiah in Montpelier, following which Principal Edward S. Alcott, secretary of the state library commission, gave an address of welcome, which was responded to by Supt. C. H. White of the Barre public schools, the president of the association.

The remainder of the forenoon session was given up to addresses, interspersed with music by the Montpelier high school chorus under the direction of Frederic Edwards. Mason S. Stone, the state commissioner of education, was a speaker, taking up the matter of education in Vermont; Miss Rebecca W. Wright of Montpelier, secretary of the state library commission, talked on "How the Vermont Free Library Commission Helps Teachers"; Miss Mary M. Patrick, teacher training specialist at Barton, talked on "Teaching Children How to Study," and Dr. Edward D. Collins, professor of pedagogy at Middlebury college, spoke on "The Basis and Applications of Method."

The early part of this afternoon's session was given up to inspection of the school exhibits, after which there were departmental conferences. In the list of elementary school conferences, Supt. Geo. J. Seager of the Barre town schools presided over a conference at which Mrs. Annie E. Snyder, teacher training specialist, gave a talk on the Quincy method in grade two, and Mrs. Charles R. Beaman of Williamstown spoke on reading and language in grades four and five. Supt. J. Allen Hunter of Northfield presided over a conference in which Principal Emma Jean Lewis of Montpelier talked on penmanship (Palmer method), Miss Mabel E. Howe of Montpelier on problem method in history, and Miss Mary M. Patrick of Barton on "Teaching Children How to Study." In the school gymnasium Miss Rose Lucia of Montpelier presided over a conference where the speakers and their subjects were: Mrs. William J. Tiedall of Montpelier, "Physical Culture in Schools," various Montpelier primary teachers on games for primary children, and Miss Florence I. Shipman of Montpelier on "Folk Dancing."

In the auditorium of the high school, meanwhile, a rural school demonstration was being given by Mrs. Margaret O. Fitzhugh of Montpelier; in another room, a primary conference was being conducted by Miss Jennie C. Allinson, teacher training specialist, Montpelier seminary; in still another, an intermediate conference led by Supt. Charles R. Beaman of Williamstown; and finally, a grammar school conference, with Supt. Norman Frost of Waterbury as leader.

Principal H. H. Jackson of Spaulding high school presided over a high school conference at which Dr. Edward H. Collins was a speaker; and Ira Richardson of Montpelier, H. D. Honkoff of Montpelier and I. V. Cobleigh of Burlington gave talks at a commercial teachers' conference.

This evening there will be a reception, followed by an entertainment. The business of the conference will be concluded tomorrow forenoon, when two chief addresses will be given, one by Prof. James L. McConaughy of Dartmouth college on "Habit and Memory in the Schoolroom," and the other by Prof. Wil S. Monroe of the state normal school, Montclair, N. J., whose subject will be "The Problem of Educational Values."

STONECUTTER SHOT
WIFE AND HIMSELF

Mrs. Josephine Coletti Was Killed and
Her Husband Was Seriously In-
jured at Quincy, Mass.,
Last Night.

Quincy, Mass., Jan. 21.—Mrs. Josephine Coletti was shot and killed last night by her husband, Frank, who sent a pistol bullet into his own head with serious, although probably not fatal consequences, according to the police. The shooting occurred outside the home of Coletti's parents and from the looks of the ground the police express the belief that a struggle occurred.

Coletti had been working as a stone cutter in Fitchburg, N. H., while his wife, whom he married ten months ago, spent most of her time with her parents in Milford, Mass.

There will be a regular meeting of the R. C. L. P. A., local 31, Friday, Jan. 21, at 7:30 p. m. All must attend to register. Clerks will receive lookout pay. There will be a dance after the meeting and refreshments. Come all. Per order Miss Thomasina Kesson, rec. sec.

WANT PURCHASES DIVIDED.

Central Labor Union Waits Upon the
Barre Charity Department.

A committee from the Central Labor union and the aldermanic charity committee met in conference in the council chamber at city hall last evening, the meeting having been called at the request of the labor men. Business for the union stores, with reference to the purchase of supplies for the charity department, was the subject that occupied the attention of the two committees. Organized labor was represented by Harry Dale as chairman, S. L. Card, secretary of the Central Labor union, and Cyrus R. Hall, and the members of the charity committee present were Aldermen O. D. Shurtliff and Alderman A. E. Bruce.

It was stated that the labor committee had conferred with the overseer of the poor last week without obtaining any satisfaction. Members of the charity committee referred the labor men to a clause in the city charter which prohibits them from dictating to the overseer in the matter of buying supplies for the indigent. While agreeing, it was reported this forenoon, that the C. L. U. was undoubtedly right in its contention that the purchases should be fairly divided, the committee took occasion to commend the present overseer for what they described as his exhibition of good judgment in negotiating for supplies.

Alderman Shurtliff told the committee something of his own experience when he was overseer several years ago. He stated that he had been able to secure a discount by buying supplies from a single store for a period of a month. The labor committee suggested that the department endeavor to obtain a discount from some of the union stores as well as those that were designated in the conference by another term.

The conference was the second meeting of its kind to grow out of the regular C. L. U. meeting a few weeks ago, when the city's overseer of the poor, the mayor and the merchants were among those criticized. Ten days ago a labor committee met the clergymen and after the conference it was reported that every clergyman in the city, barring one, who sided with the workmen, was neutral in contests between employers and employees.

DIED AT ORANGE.

Francis Bisson Was Formerly a Resi-
dent of Barre.

Francis Philip Bisson, aged 76, passed away at the home of his son, Philip Bisson, in Orange Thursday afternoon at 5:30 o'clock, the end following a long period of failing health. Mr. Bisson was a former resident of Barre, having moved with his son to Orange 12 years ago, or eight years after he came to this city from Canada. He was born in Saint Marie of Beuce, P. Q., in 1840. His first marriage took place in St. Helen of Chester, P. Q., Oct. 25, 1860, when he was wedded to Miss Delina Turnelle. Surviving children born of that union are: Philip Bisson of Orange, Henry and Eugene Bisson of East Barre, Eugene Bisson of Windsor Mills, P. Q., and Joseph Bisson of Victorville, P. Q. Mrs. Bisson's death occurred in the early 70s and in 1878 he was married to Miss Clairina Dumont, whose death occurred 25 years ago. Mrs. Fred Carrier of Orange, Mrs. Antoine Bisson of Orange and Mrs. Hector Trembley of Williams-town are the only children surviving from the second marriage.

Funeral services will be held at St. Sylvester's church in Graniteville Saturday morning at 9 o'clock, the parish priest, Rev. Fr. Joseph Turcot, officiating. Interment will be made in the Catholic cemetery on Beckley street in this city. It is requested that friends omit flowers.

90 CASES LISTED.

On the Trial Calendar of Vermont Su-
preme Court for February Term.

The trial calendar of Vermont supreme court for the February term, which opens the first day of next month, has been issued and contains a total of 90 cases listed for hearing, nearly all of them having been on the January term calendar and were continued.

There are six state cases included in the list, and Washington county has eight as follows: R. C. Bowers Granite Co., vs. Drew Daniels Granite company, assumpsit; William B. Turney vs. E. N. Normandeau, audita querela; Emily K. Weed vs. Berton A. Hunt; William Rumble vs. John W. McDonald et al, assumpsit; Henry Russ vs. Michael Good, trespass; State vs. Jacob Aaron, operating automobile; State vs. Mary John, selling; State vs. Valerie Bergoni, selling intoxicating liquor.

FIVE YEARS FOR STABBING.

Alfred Albert Attacked Emilie Hill with
Jackknife.

Burlington, Jan. 21.—Alfred Albert, the Finlander, who stabbed Emilie Hill at her boarding house in Winooski last Saturday night, was in city court yesterday and received a sentence of not less than five nor more than seven years in the state prison at Windsor. Albert asked that the court direct the state's attorney to file an information against him charging him with the offense upon which he was arraigned, that of making an assault with malicious intent to maim and disfigure Hill, to which he pleaded guilty. The state's attorney recommended that the sentence be eight years, ten years being the maximum. Albert's only excuse was that he was under the influence of liquor when he did the stabbing. One of his thrusts proved very serious, the jackknife which he used entering Hill's back close to the spine.

RAILROAD STATION BURNED.

Rutland R. R. the Losers at Ludlow
Thursday Afternoon.

Ludlow, Jan. 21.—The Rutland railroad station in this village was practically destroyed by fire yesterday afternoon. The blaze was discovered about 1:45 o'clock and the firemen were prompt in responding through the location of the building which is on a steep hill, was hard to reach. The roof of the building fell in and the structure was nearly ruined. Much of the damage was from water. The business of the station will be conducted temporarily in a car placed on a siding.

JOHN H. SENTER
DROPPED DEAD

A Prominent Attorney and
Public Official Had Just
Sent for Aid

HAD COM-
NED OF
T HEART

He Was Known as the "War
Horse" of Vermont
Democracy

John H. Senter, attorney, gubernatorial candidate in 1900, twice mayor of Montpelier and for 25 years a dominant Democratic figure in the state, died suddenly early last evening in his apartments in the Argus building in Montpelier. Death was due to angina pectoris, it being his third attack in five years. Mr. Senter had passed most of the day in his office and in county court, and it was about 6 o'clock that he made his way home.

After eating a hearty meal he complained to Dexter Grover, who has been in his employ for several years, that he was in much pain around his heart. Alarmed, Mr. Grover telephoned for a physician and, being unable to get in touch with one immediately, went out to locate one personally. Dr. C. H. Burr was finally communicated with and he hurried to Mr. Senter's rooms. He reached there too late, death apparently having overtaken Mr. Senter while he was standing, as he lay on his back on the floor with an ugly bruise on the back of his head.

The body was removed to the home of his son, Clarence H. Senter, on Loomis street upon advice from the son, who is now located at Hartford, Conn., and until his arrival it is not known when the funeral services will be held.

The passing of John H. Senter removes one of the most prominent men in Montpelier. He was one of the ablest lawyers in the state, had a large practice in Montpelier and in Waterbury, where he had conducted an office for the last few months, and for years voters of Montpelier had been accustomed to have Mr. Senter preside at caucuses.

John Henry Senter was born at Cabot, Nov. 11, 1848, son of Dea-born Ben Senter and Susan C. (Lyford) Senter. He attended the public schools and high school of Concord, N. H., and afterward he taught school in Dover, N. H., Gardland, Me., and in Vermont, completing 42 terms in all. He began to study law in the office of Clarence H. Pitkin, Montpelier, and was admitted to the bar in March, 1879. During the period between the time when he taught school and studied law, Mr. Senter was a clerk in several stores in Montpelier.

After practicing law for six years in Warren he again came to Montpelier and founded a partnership with Harlan W. Kemp and the firm practiced law until 1891. Since 1885 he was a director and for 11 years secretary of the Union Mutual Fire Insurance company.

Before Montpelier became a city, Mr. Senter was village attorney and was also secretary of the village board of trade. In 1888 he was admitted to practice law in the circuit court of the United States and in the district courts of Vermont.

He was appointed national bar examiner by President Cleveland and on Aug. 24, 1886, was made commissioner of the United States circuit court for the district of Vermont by appointment of Judge H. H. Wheeler. He was a delegate to the Democratic national convention held in St. Louis, at which Cleveland was nominated for president and in 1894 was appointed United States district attorney.

In 1900 he was a candidate for governor on the Democratic ticket and from that year until 1904 he was a member of the Democratic national committee. For many years he was on the state committee of his chosen party, serving as assistant secretary and secretary. He was state's attorney for Washington county, 1903-4; member of the state tax commission in 1896, and a member of the commission to build the present county jail. In 1898 he was elected mayor of Montpelier and was returned to office the following year, being the city's executive head when Berlin across the Winooski river was annexed. It was in 1900 that he represented the city in the legislature, where he was chairman of the committee on corporations, second member of the committee on judiciary and on the committee to revise the statutes.

In addition to the more prominent offices which he filled most satisfactorily, he was for many years a justice of the peace, was superintendent of schools in Warren and Montpelier for a time and held other town offices, always ready and willing to serve the city, state or country in any capacity within his splendid abilities.

Mr. Senter was a member of Aurora lodge, and King Solomon's chapter of Masons, a Knight Templar, a member of Mt. Sinai temple, Mystic Shrine, and belonged to the Montpelier lodge of Elks and to the Vermont State bar association. He was elected as a delegate from the state association at the annual meeting last fall to the Montreal bar association meeting which is to be held the last of next month. He was married on Nov. 30, 1875, to Addie S. Martin of Warren, daughter of Carlos and Mary (Ainsworth) Martin and to them five children were born as follows: Frank Giverson, died 1904; Clarence Hiram, born 1878, now in employ of Phoenix Insurance company and located at Hartford, Conn., although retaining residence in Montpelier; Mabel Addie, wife of Percy I. Robbins, Keene, N. H.; John H. Senter, Jr., a member of the Washington county bar, like father and son, but now fighting with a Canadian overseas regiment somewhere in Flanders; Clara May Senter of West Hartford. Mrs. Senter died a number of years ago. There are two granddaughters, Dorothy M. and Philip Senter Robbins.